Section 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KERAPOXY comp.B

Trade code: 904599

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Hardener for epoxy products

Uses advised against: Data not available.

Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd
180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia
T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 4.30pm)
F. +61 7 32765076
Responsable: sales@mapei.com.au

Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade 000

Section 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin corrosion, Category 1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms and Signal Words

Danger

Hazard statements

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P321	Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Substances

no data available

Mixtures

Mixture identification: KERAPOXY comp.B

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥75 - <100 %	Fatty acids C18 unsaturated, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	CAS:1226892-45-0, 68410-23-1 EC:629-725-6	Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400	01-2119487006-38-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS:2855-13-2 EC:220-666-8 Index:612-067-00-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0,001%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	01-2119514687-32-xxxx
≥5 - <10 %	Phenol, styrenated	CAS:61788-44-1 EC:262-975-0	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119979575-18-XXXX
≥1 - <2.5 %	N'-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethylpropane-1,3-diamine	CAS:10563-29-8 EC:234-148-4	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	01-2119970376-29-XXXX

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: no data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine CAS: 2855-13-2	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,06 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0,006 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 0,23 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5,784 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0,578 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1,121 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3,18 mg/l
Phenol, styrenated CAS: 61788-44-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,001 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 65778 mg/kg

	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 65778 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 0,17 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 31525 mg/kg
N'-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethylpropane-1,3-diamine CAS: 10563-29-8	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,0092 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0,00092 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 0,092 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 18,1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0,0336 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine CAS: 2855-13-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation Worker Industry: 20,1 mg/m3
Phenol, styrenated CAS: 61788-44-1	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11,02 mg/m3; Consumer: 2,717 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 6,25 mg/kg; Consumer: 3,125 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 1,562 mg/kg
N'-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethylpropane-1,3-diamine CAS: 10563-29-8	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 3,7 mg/m3; Consumer: 0,65 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 7,5 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 3,7 mg/m3; Consumer: 0,65 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 0,67 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0,2 mg/kg

Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: liquid

Color: light brown

Odour: ammonia

pH: 11.00

Melting point / freezing point: no data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available
Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)
Evaporation rate: no data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas) no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limits: no data available
Vapour pressure: 0.01
Vapour density: no data available
Relative density: 1.10 g/cm3
Solubility in water: partly soluble
Solubility in oil: soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available
Auto-ignition temperature: no data available
Decomposition temperature: no data available
Kinematic viscosity: no data available
VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 8,2 (A+B) (Rule 1168) g/l

Particle characteristics:
Particle size: no data available
Particle size distribution: no data available
Shape and aspect ratio: no data available
Specific surface area: no data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin corrosion, Category 1B(H314)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Serious eye damage, Category 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Fatty acids C18 unsaturated, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 5,01 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 1030 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
Phenol, styrenated	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour Mouse = 158,3 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat > 2500 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 7940 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 2,5 mg/l 6h
		LD50 Oral Rat 2100 mg/kg
N'-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethylpropane-1,3-diamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1670 mg/kg
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Skin Rabbit Positive
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Skin Positive

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1(H400), Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1(H410)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS: 2855-13-2 - EINECS: 220-666-8 - INDEX: 612-067-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 110 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 23 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 388 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 50 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 3 mg/L - 21 d
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna 14,6 mg/L 48h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 37 mg/L 72h IUCLID
Phenol, styrenated	CAS: 61788-44-1 - EINECS: 262-975-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 4,6 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 9,7 mg/L 72
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 5,6 mg/L 96
N'-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethylpropane-1,3-diamine	CAS: 10563-29-8 - EINECS: 234-148-4	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 215 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 9,2 mg/L 48

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 21 mg/L 72

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Danio rerio > 100 mg/L 96h ECHA

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

no data available

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14: Transport information

UN number

2735

UN proper shipping name

ADG-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

ADR-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

IATA-Technical name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

IMDG-Technical name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

Transport hazard class(es)

ADG-Class: 8

ADR-Class: 8

IATA-Class: 8

IMDG-Class: 8

Packing group, if applicable

ADG-Packing Group: III

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

Environmental hazards

ADG-Environmental Pollutant: Yes

Marine pollutant: Yes

Special precautions for user

ADG-Subsidiary hazards -

ADG-S.P.: 223 274

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 8

ADR-Hazard identification number: NA

ADR-Special Provisions: 274

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 852

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 856

IATA-Label: 8

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 8L

IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A803

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: SG35

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 223 274

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

Additional Information

no data available

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Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

AICIS: all components are listed

Section 16: Any other relevant information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1A	Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, Category 1A
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.2/1C	Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
AUS-HAE/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1
AUS-HAE/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1
AUS-HAE/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 2

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: KAFH
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION